

Survey on regional research needs

Gathered and compiled from the TIPI Board by Carolin Möller and Helga Willer

Main questions

- Organic System Challenges
- Field Practises Challenges
- Input Challenges
- Crop Challenges Pest and Disease Control
- Livestock Challenges
- Socio-Economic Challenges
- Post-harvest and Processing Challenges

Scale of issues

- Global
- Asia
- Pacific
- US & Trading partners
- Europe
- West Africa
- Canada
- Latin America
- Drylands of the World

Organic System Challenges

- Limited understanding of how farming systems work
- → Long-term, multi-disciplinary studies of crop and livestock production systems, with an emphasis on on-farm research
- Most organic research is focuses in temperate zones
- → Need to establish best practices for resilience in varying (e.g. Pacific island) conditions

Organic System Challenges I.

- Need to combine local tradition with innovation for smallholder organic farming
- → Regional adaption is needed of already existing and proven solutions and experience from different regions.
- Contamination risks within the system are not thoroughly identified (pathogens, pecticides)
- → Determine sources of contamination and look at practices to mitigate the risks of contamination.

Field Practises Challenges

 Soil building: Basic research on the roles played by different organisms to cycle nutrients, suppress diseases, maintain soil structure, and grow healthy plants for healthy humans and livestock.

 Tillage systems: Further development of no-till and reduced till methods for organic (weed suppression)

Field Practises Challenges I.

 Biocontrol: Need for further biological pest and disease control

 Weeds: Study of weed ecology, cultural practices, effective rotations; development of bio-herbicides that are compatible with organic principles and criteria

Input Challenges

- Copper alternatives: Substituting materials, biological controls, crop rotations
- Varieties suitable for organic: Testing of locally appropriate varieties, organic breeding, organic seeds
- Micronutrients: identification of micronutrien sources and techniques for their supply for high quality organic products (iron, magnesium, selenium)

Crop Challenges – Pests & Diseases

- Cocoa Swollen Shoot Virus Disease (CSSVD) in West-Africa
- Fire blight (Erwinia amylovora) in fruit production (apples, pears), Fitoplasma solanii in vine
- Citrus greening virus (HLB) nutrition control?
- Brown Marmorated Stink Bug (Halyomorpha halys)
 in the US (apples) natural enemy?
- Spotted Wing Drosophila (Drosophila suzukii) fruits
- Fruit fly (oriental and other varieties) Red Spider Mite; White Moth
- Giant African Snail- leafy vegetables

Livestock Challenges

- Assessment of preventive organic practices to improve organic livestock health
- Reduction of parasite pressure
- Mastitis prevention and therapy methods
- Pneumonia
- Natural sources of amino-acids (methionine)
- Alternative & additional feed (plant extracts)
- Aquaculture practices

Socio-Economic Challenges

Assessing factors of consumer trust in different regions

 New economic calculations of food value – linking costs to carbon/water demand

 Research on possible communication methods, which may reach policy makers amongst others

Post-harvest and Processing Challenges

Innovative organic cocoa processing (Research & Development trials)

 Efficient cracking of indigenous nuts, solar drying (Pacific)

Development of sustainable packaging materials

Conclusions from the survey

- A large part of the world's organic research needs could be covered by:
 - Dissemination and <u>local adaptation</u> of existing research results, solutions
 - On-farm research & development seems to be a successful tool

- Most topics came for biological pest and disease control
- General need for a <u>better system understanding</u>, also in tropical and subtropical climate

Anything to add?

Looking forward to your further input!