



EcoServe – Organic hay fields as resource for pollinators

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EcoServe – Ecosystem Functions and Services of Biodiversity in Grasslands

- › 3 year project (2011-2013)
- › Financed by GUDP under the Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Fisheries
- › Project partners:
 - AU (Agroecology, Bioscience),
 - UCPH (Food Science, Food and Resource Economics, Biology, Natural History Museum),
 - Naturmælk, and
 - Meyers Madhus

Organic hay fields as resource for pollinators

> **Main objective**

To investigate the potential improvements for wild pollinators by establishment of organic grasslands with a large proportion of selected herbs beneficial for pollinators

> **Expected results**

Significant results on pollinators and food resources for pollinators in organic grasslands and especially hay fields.

Recommendations on species composition and cutting regimes for organic hayfields in order to improve the ecological services with special focus on pollination.

Background – status for wild pollinators

› Bumblebees – 29 species	12 species (41.3 %)
› Solitary bees – 238 species	status unknown
› Hover flies – 267 species	82 species (30.7%)
› Butterflies - 77 species	43 species (55.8%)
› Moth – 66 species	23 species (34.8%)

The Danish Red List, Dupont & Madsen (2010), Calabuig (2000)

Background – grassland as a potential

› Including beneficial herbs into grassland seed mixtures significantly increases pollinator species richness

(Albrecht et al. 2007, Potts et al. 2009)

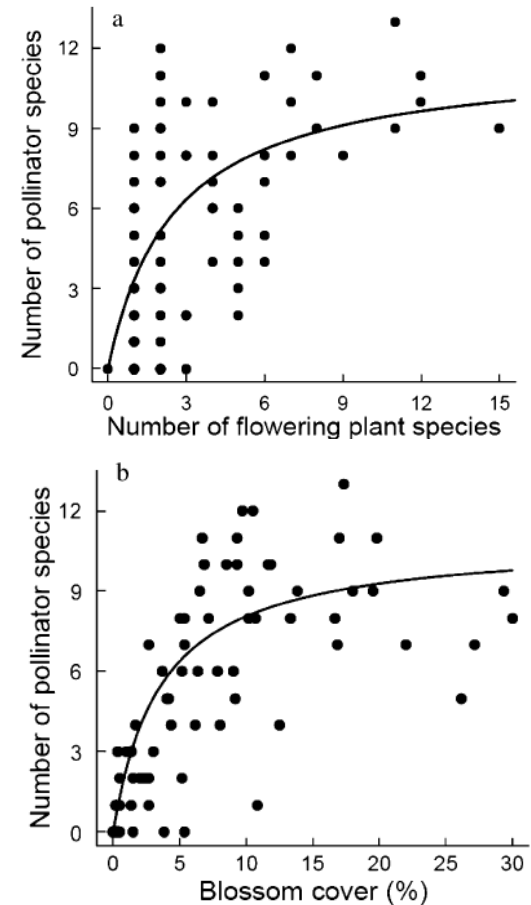
› Floral abundances and species richness were good indicators for pollinator species richness and abundances

(Potts et al. 2009, Batáry et al. 2010)

Background – grassland as a potential

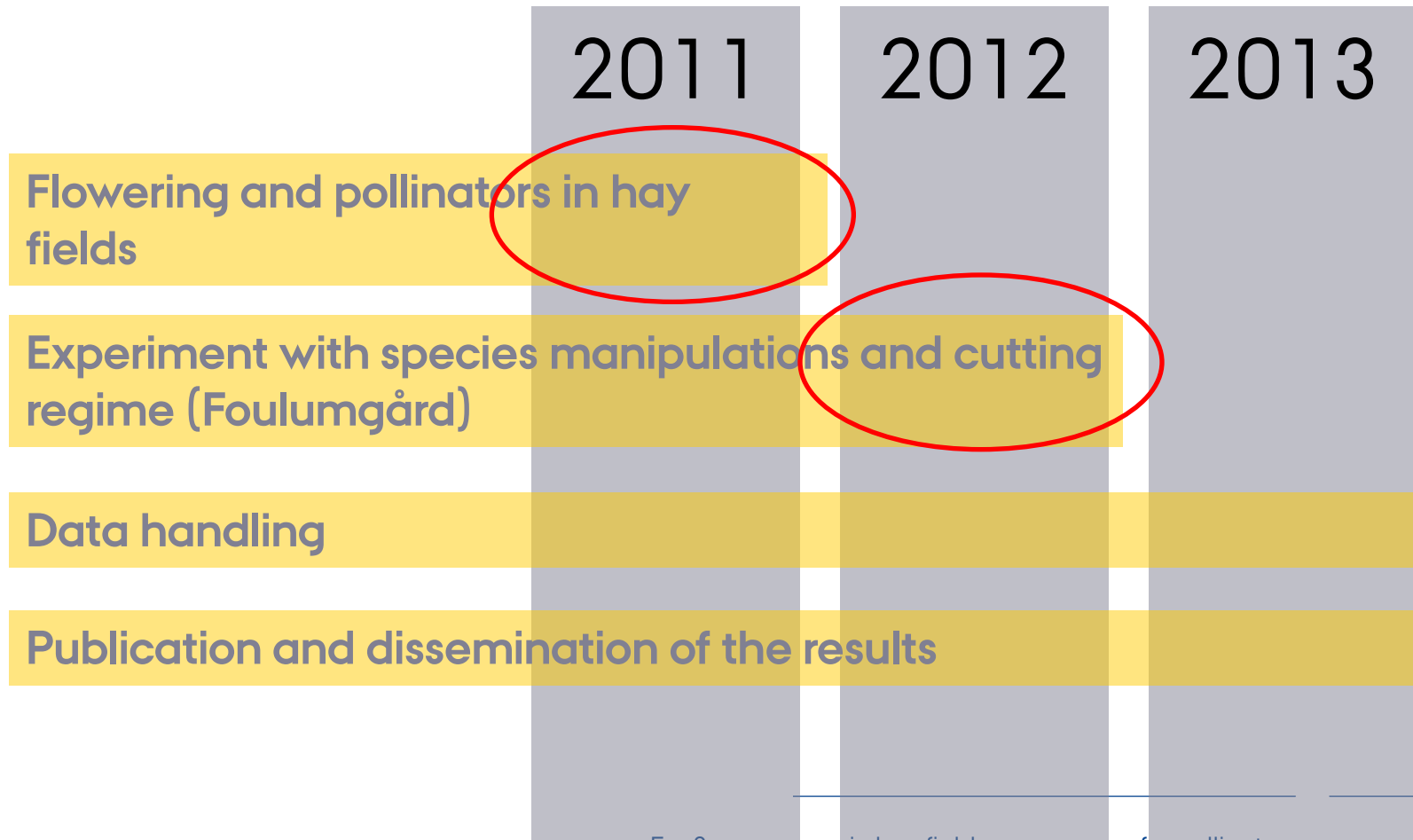


The Jena experiment

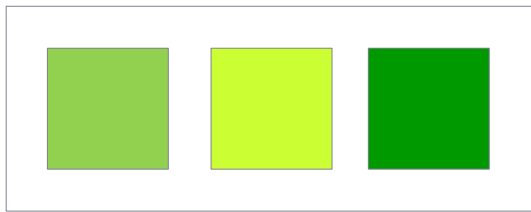





Ebeling et al. (2008)

WP - Activities



Flowering and pollinators in hay fields



-  Young (2-3 years) hay field
-  Old (5-6 years) hay field
-  Old (< 10 years) hay field

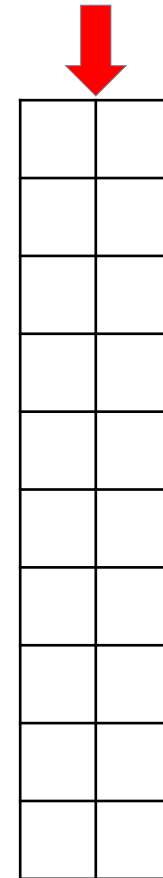


Flowering and pollinators in hay fields



Data collected in each field

- › Transect walks (1x 10 m)
- › Flower visiting bees, butterflies and hover flies are identified and counted
- › Number of flowers per m² is counted using a 1-5 scale, where 1 = no flowers and 5 > 50 flowers per m²
- › 20 transect



The Foulumgård experiment

- › Effect of sowing beneficial herbs on flower resources and pollinators
- › Importance of cutting (number and timing of the cuttings)



The Foulumgård experiment

Herbs in seed mixtures

- › Standard grassland seed mix (grass, white and red clover)
- › *Taraxacum vulgare*, *Lamium purpureum*, *Phacelia tanacetifolia*, *Lotus corniculatus*, *Melilotus album*, *Borago officinalis*, *Knautia arvensis*, *Cichorium intybus*
- › *Lamium album*, *Calendula officinalis*, *Plantago lanceolata*, *Achillea millefolium*, *Sanguisorba minor*, *Onobrychis viciifolia*, *Foeniculum vulgare*, *Carum carvi*, *Allium schoenoprasum*

Forsøg A				→				
						10,5 m		
Blandinger:				1	4	1	2	gent 1
				2	6	8	7	
1	Standard			3	1	4	11	
2	Cikorie	+	Standard	4	11	3	4	
3	L. vejbred	+	Standard	5	10	10	3	
4	Kommen	+	Standard	6	9	11	1	
5	Bibernelle	+	Kællingetand	7	2	12	6	
6	Bibernelle	+	Lucerne	8	5	2	8	
7	Bibernelle	+	Rødkløver	9	13	13	12	
8	Hjulkrone	+	Kællingetand	10	7	7	10	
9	Hjulkrone	+	Lucerne	11	8	5	5	
10	Hjulkrone	+	Rødkløver	12	12	6	13	
11	Mælkebøtte	+	Kællingetand	13	3	9	9	
12	Mælkebøtte	+	Lucerne	14	4	7	8	gent 2
13	Mælkebøtte	+	Rødkløver	15	8	1	11	
				16	3	13	4	
				17	12	11	7	
				18	10	5	2	
				19	13	3	12	
				20	11	8	6	
Standard:				21	6	9	9	
alm. rajgræs + hvidkløver + rødkløver				22	9	4	3	
				23	2	2	10	
				24	1	10	5	
				25	7	6	13	
				26	5	12	1	
				27	9	8	7	gent 3



Forsøg B					
<p>Store parceller (6x9m)</p> <p>1 Standardblanding (græs, hvidkløver, rødkløver)</p> <p>2 Alle arter</p> <p>3 Cikorie</p> <p>4 Kællingetand</p> <p>5 Stenkløver</p> <p>6 Rød tvetand</p> <p>7 Blåhat</p> <p>8 Mælkebøtte</p> <p>9 Hjulkrone</p> <p>10 Honningurt</p> <p>Små parceller (1,5x9 m) dog 2 parceller i 11 og 12</p> <p>11 Vejbred</p> <p>12 Kommen</p> <p>13 Bibernelle</p> <p>14 Esparsette</p> <p>15 Døvnælde</p> <p>16 Morgenfrue</p> <p>17 Fennikel</p> <p>18 Røllike</p> <p>19 Purløg</p>	1	14 espar	13 Biber	8	Gent 1
	2	18 røllike	9	Mælke-	
	3	12	Hjulkrone	bøtte	
	4	Kommen			
	5	10		7	
	6	Honning	3	Blåhat	
	7	urt	Cikorie		
	8				
	9	11		6	
	10	vebred	2	Rød	
	11	4	Alle	tv tand	
	12	Kællinge			
	13	tand		17 fennik	
	14		1	5	
	15	15 døvnæ	ST	sten-	
	16	16 m frue		kløver	
	17	19 purløg			
					12 m
		1	14 espar	10	15 døvnæ
	2	19 purløg	Honning	5	
	3	4	urt	sten-	
	4	Kællinge		kløver	
	5	tand	18 røllike		
	6		9	7	
	7	17 fennik	Hjulkrone	Blåhat	
	8	8			
	9	Mælke-			
	10	bøtte	1	12	
	11		ST	Kommen	

The Foulumgård experiment



The Foulumgård experiment

- › Select cutting regimes
- › Decide on sampling strategy

