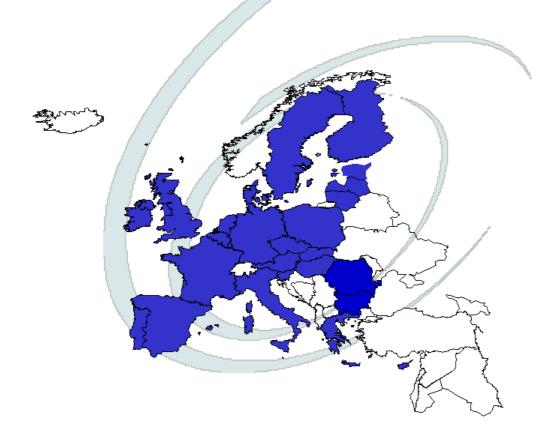




Organic Eprints Workshop

Thusday 22. March 2007 @ 10.30-12.00



Introduction to the use and perspectives of the Organic Eprints archive

Room: HS 23

Pflanzenbau





Workshop outline

- Organic Eprints introduction, status and perspectives, Lars Elsgaard, DARCOF
- Practical use of Organic Eprints and experience from FiBL, Helga Willer, FiBL
- Open discussion, including Klaus-Peter Aiple, responsible for the institutional respository at University of Hohenheim

Chair: Claus Bo Andreasen, DARCOF



http://www.orgprints.org



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	n international open access archive for papers related to research i tion, abstracts and other metadata. More about the archive.	in organic agriculture. The archive contains full-text papers in electronic form toge	
Browse	Browse all eprints in the archive by: - subject area - country, organization and project - other browse views	See the latest additions.	
Search	Keywords: Authors:	Search the archive	
Register	More search options on the simple and advanced search pages. As a registered user you can deposit your papers in the archive and subscribe to email alerts on new papers. Go register.		
et us	DARCOF	FiBL Bundesprogramm Ökologischer Landbau	

supporters



Min objectives of Organic Eprints

The main objectives of the Organic Eprints archive are:

- to facilitate the communication of research papers and research proposals
- to improve the dissemination and impact of research findings
- to document the research effort

In accordance with these goals, the archive accepts many kinds of papers, not just journal articles



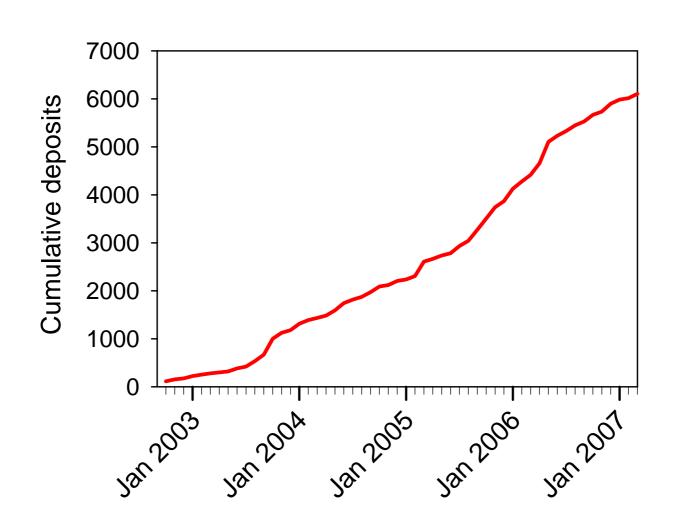
Criteria for acceptance

The only criteria for acceptance of documents are:

- that they are relevant to research in organic agriculture
- that they have a finished form that is ready to enter into a process of communication
- that the required metadata information is correct



Cumulative number of deposits



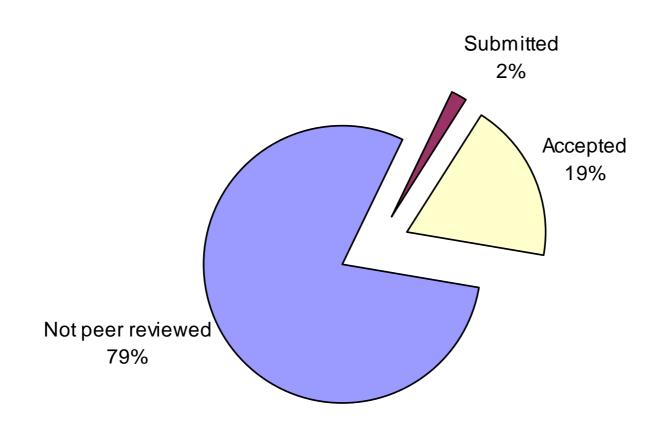


Top-ten of 221 e-print repositories

1	University of Twente Repository	45229
2	DLR electronic library	43742
3	University of Southampton: e-Prints Soton	24434
4	Dept of Electronics and Computer Science	11057
5	ePrints@OUDIR: Okayama University D.I.R.	9617
6	Caltech Authors - Main	6853
7	Lund University Institutional Archive	6242
8	Organic Eprints	6132
9	Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore	5751
10	Archive of European Integration	5418

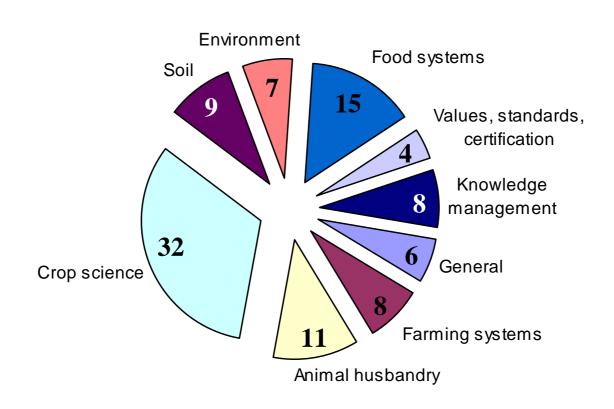


Peer review status of documents



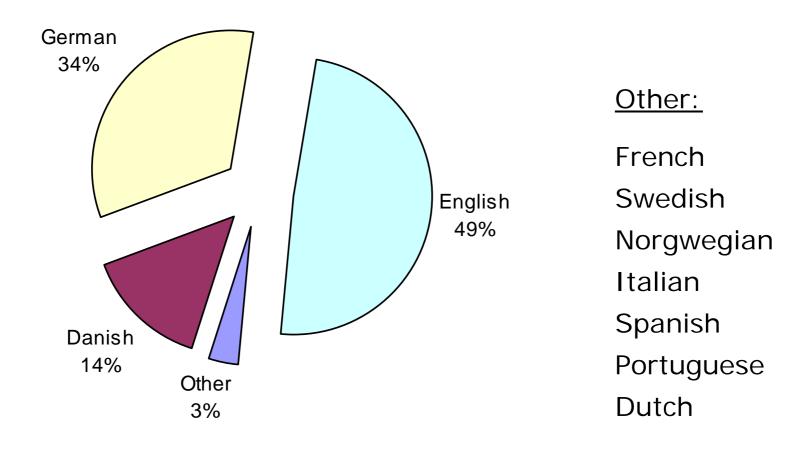


Subjects, percent



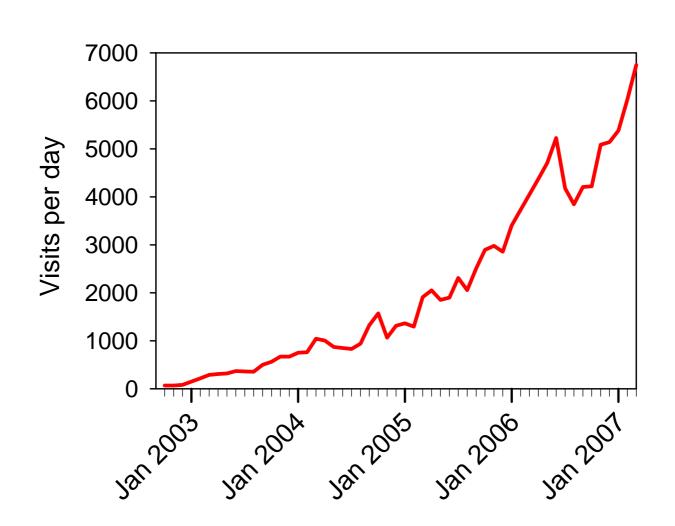


Language of documents





Increasing number of daily visitors





Advantages for several groups

Perspectives and advantages of Organic Eprints approached from four views:

- Users who search, browse and subscribe
- Depositors who increase research impact
- Webmasters who integrate Organic Eprints
- Project managers who report and evaluate



Browsing in Organic Eprints



about browse search register user area help

Research Affiliation: QualityLowInputFood

- Country / Organization / Project (6037)
 - European Union (343)
 - QualityLowInputFood (77)
 - Subproject 1: Consumer expectations and attitudes (7)
 - Subproject 2: Effects of production methods (12)
 - Subproject 3: Crop production systems (19)
 - Subproject 4: Livestock production systems (19)
 - Subproject 5: Processing strategies (12)
 - Subproject 6: Transport, trading and retailing (2)
 - Subproject 7: Horizontal activities (3)



Viewing deposits in Organic Eprints



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10478: Effect of clover management (Rhizobium seed inoculation and greenwaste compost amendments) and variety choice on yield and baking quality of organic spring and winter wheat

Wilkinson, A.; Young, D.; Lueck, L.; Cooper, J. M.; Wilkockson, S and Leifert, C. Effect of clover management (Rhizobium seed inoculation and greenwaste compost amendments) and variety choice on yield and baking quality of organic spring and winter wheat . . .

Full text available as:

RTF (Rich Text Format) - [Depositor and staff only]

Summary

Yield and protein content of wheat produced under organic standards was repeatedly shown to be between 20 and 40% lower than levels achieved in conventional farming systems. This is thought to be at least partially due to insufficient N-supply to the crop later in the growing season and poor adaptation of the currently used wheat varieties to organic production conditions. To address these problems, a factorial field trial was established to study the effect of Rhizobium inoculation of clover seeds and application of compost amendments to clover swards grown prior to different varieties of wheat. Three winter wheat and four spring wheat varieties were chosen from a range of European breeding programmes. Results showed that variety choice had the greatest effect on yields, but that fertility management practices also significantly affected wheat yields and protein quality for some of the varieties. This clearly indicates that yields in organic wheat production can be significantly increased by improved variety choice and fertility management regimes.

Keywords: yield, protein content, variety, wheat, organic farming

Subject Areas: Food systems > Food security, food quality and human health

Crop husbandry > Production systems > Cereals, pulses and oilseeds

Research affiliation: European Union > QualityLowInputFood > Subproject 3: Crop production systems

International Conferences > QLIF Congress 2007 > 3 Crop production / soil management

Total budget (Euro): 0
Organists ID Number: 10478

Contact: Cooper, Dr. Julia M



Subscription to e-mail alerts

Your Subscription Alerts

Research affiliation

European Union: Organic Inputs

European Union: Organic Marketing Initiatives OMIaRD

European Union: Organic Revision

European Union: QualityLowInputFood

European Union: QualityLowInputFood: Subproject 1: Consumer expectations and attitudes

European Union: QualityLowInputFood: Subproject 2: Effects of production methods
European Union: QualityLowInputFood: Subproject 3: Crop production systems
European Union: QualityLowInputFood: Subproject 4: Livestock production systems

European Union: QualityLowInputFood: Subproject 5: Processing strategies

European Union: QualityLowInputFood: Subproject 6: Transport, trading and retailing

European Union: QualityLowInputFood: Subproject 7: Horizontal activities

European Union: REPCO

Any of these 🔻

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Mail Empty Results

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- Yes, mail me empty subscriptions.
- No. Only mail me subscriptions with content.

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Motivations for depositors

- You are present with your publication in the most important international database for publications related to organic farming research
- Your publications are available online for a wide range of users and thus become well known
- Each document has its own, permanent internet address. From your own homepage you can link to your documents in Organic Eprints



Motivations for depositors

- The users can contact you and comment on your publications
- You are contributing to an international organic agriculture related research network which will help to better coordinate research activities



Advantages of using Organic Eprints

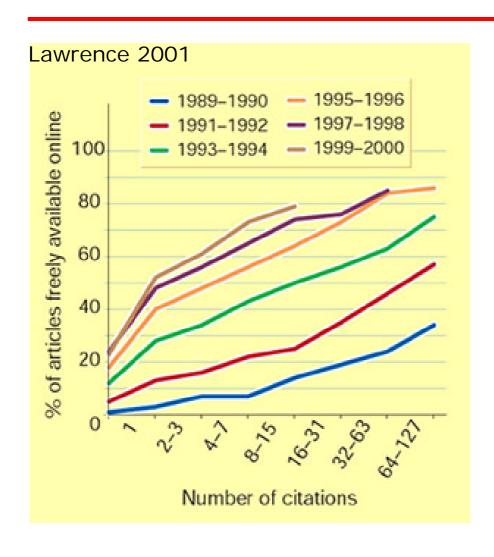
Facilitate horizontal activities between SP's
Increase visibility and impact of the work
Give access to the results for a broader audience
Incorporate open access to the results which is a
point the EU may consider to make obligatory in FP7
To document the research effort in a permanent way

also after completion of the project period horizontal

activities



Increasing number of citations



Analysis of 119.924 conference articles in computer science and related disciplines

Mean number of citations to offline articles is 2.74

Mean number of citations to online articles is 7.03



Organic Eprints used with websites

DARCOFenews



Newsletter from DARCOF | December 2006

Further information



Further articles related to Organic egg layers

Further articles related to Forage crops and hens

Link to pdf version of the **Ph.D. thesis**

Forage may partly replace supplementary feed for laying hens

By Klaus Horsted, Danish Institute of Agricultural Sciences

High-producing layer strains are able to consume considerable amounts of herbage and that forage can provide laying hens with important nutrients. Notably, chicory and quinoa seem promising. Moreover, it seems possible to lower the standards of important nutrients in the supplementary feed, provided that good forage is available.









Organic Eprints used with newsletters



Click here for an advanced search

Title/Translation of Title/Summary/Additional Summary/Keywords

Enter a term or terms to search for.

organic egg layers

Match all, in any order

Search

http://orgprints.org/perl/search/simple...

Results for Simple Search

Refine search | New search

Title/Translation of Title/Summary/Additional Summary/Keywords matches all of "organic egg layers". Displaying results 1 to 16 of 16. Search time: 3s.

Distance tast bush at The later 13 00 44 19 CET 20071

[PROJECT] Djurmateslalets betydelse vid äggproduktion under ekologiska betingelser [Feedir 31 December 2003. Project leader(s): Andersson, Kjell; Elwinger, Klas and Lagerkrist, Gabrielle, Swe

[PROJECT] Entwicklung von Estterrationen für 1001-tige Biefutterung von Freilandlegebenne Grundfluttereinsatz (Sillage) und anderen Elweilspflanzen [Development of rations for 100 % orgarations (sillage) and other protein plants]. Runs 01 May 2004 - 31 December 2005. Project leader(s): F. Höstein e. V., More information online at http://www.bundesprogramm.oekulandbau.de/projek

Elwinger, Klas (2005) Ekelegiskt feder – krävs det andra värpheinsgenotyper? Ekelegiskt lanthr ech pestrar. Schl. Centrum fis uthålligt lanthruk. (Nutrison of organic layers - do we need other gi november 2005; Published in Ekologiski lantbruk konferens 22-23 november 2005. Uthune, Uppsala. pp. 123-128. Federativ tryckeri AB.



Newsletter from DARCOF | December 2006

Further information

Further articles by K. Horsted

Further articles related to Organic egg layers

Further articles related to Forage crops and hens

Link to pdf version of the Ph.D. thesis

Forage may par feed for laying I

By Klaus Horsted, Danis

High-producing layer stra amounts of herbage and important nutrients. Nota Moreover, it seems poss nutrients in the supplem available.







Entering Eprints for others

Organic Eprints is an open access archive and the idea is that authors and project responsibles enter information themselves. This has the following advantages:

 When finalising a deposit authors make a depositing agreement confirming that Organic Eprints does not assume any responsibility if there is any breach of copyright in distributing these files or metadata



Entering Eprints for others

Organic Eprints is an open access archive and the idea is that authors and project responsibles enter information themselves. This has the following advantages:

 The author is the contact for the paper and can be approached directly for questions related to a deposit



Entering Eprints for others

Organic Eprints is an open access archive and the idea is that authors and project responsibles enter information themselves. This has the following advantages:

 If an author moves to another institution the contact details in the user record can be changed – so they can still be reached for questions on a particular paper





The sherpa project in the UK have made and maintains a list of publisher and journal copyright policies. Presently, 262 publishers and 9861 journals are covered

http://www.sherpa.ac.uk/index.html



Terminology of scientific papers

- preprints = pre-review (manuscript)
- post prints = post-review (revised manuscript)
- reprints = published



ROMEO colour

Archiving policy



ROMEO colour	Archiving policy	
green	can archive pre-print and post-print	



ROMEO colour	Archiving policy	
green	can archive pre-print and post-print	
blue	can archive post-print	



ROMEO colour	Archiving policy	
green	can archive pre-print and post-print	
blue	can archive post-print	
yellow	can archive pre-print	



ROMEO colour	Archiving policy	
green	can archive pre-print and post-print	
blue	can archive post-print	
yellow	can archive pre-print	
white	archiving not formally supported	





...opening access to research

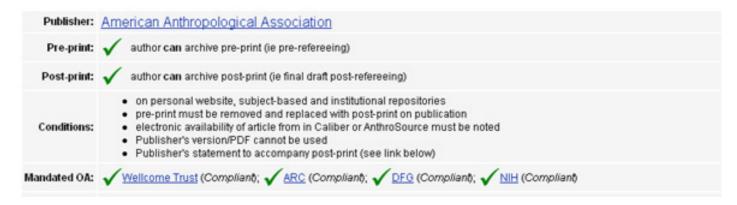
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Publisher copyright policies & self-archiving

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These summaries are for the publishers default policies and changes or exceptions can often be negotiated by authors.

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http://www.sherpa.ac.uk/index.html



Green publishers

Publisher:	Springer Verlag (Germany)
Pre-print:	✓ author can archive pre-print (ie pre-refereeing)
Post-print:	✓ author can archive post-print (ie final draft post-refereeing)
Conditions:	 Authors own final version can be archived On authors website or institutional repository or funders designated website/repository Published source must be acknowledged Must link to publisher version Set phrase to accompany link to published version Articles in some journals can be made Open Access on payment of additional charge
RoMEO:	This is a RoMEO green publisher

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Blue publishers

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Post-print:

author can archive post-print (ie final draft post-refereeing)

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RoMEO: This is a RoMEO blue publisher



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Post-print:	subject to Restrictions below, author can archive post-print	
Restrictions:	6 month embargo	
Conditions:	 Published source must be acknowledged Must link to publisher Publishers version/PDF cannot be used On author or institutional server only If funding agency rules apply, authors may post authors versions 	
RoMEO:	This is a RoMEO yellow publisher	

http://www.sherpa.ac.uk/index.html



White publishers

Publisher:	American Chemical Society
Pre-print:	author cannot archive pre-print (ie pre-refereeing)
Post-print:	author cannot archive post-print (ie final draft post-refereeing)
Conditions:	 The author may post on the web the title of the paper, abstract (no other text), tables and figures on their own web site
	 NIH funded authors may post articles to PubMed Central 12 months after publication

http://www.sherpa.ac.uk/index.html

RoMEO: This is a RoMEO white publisher

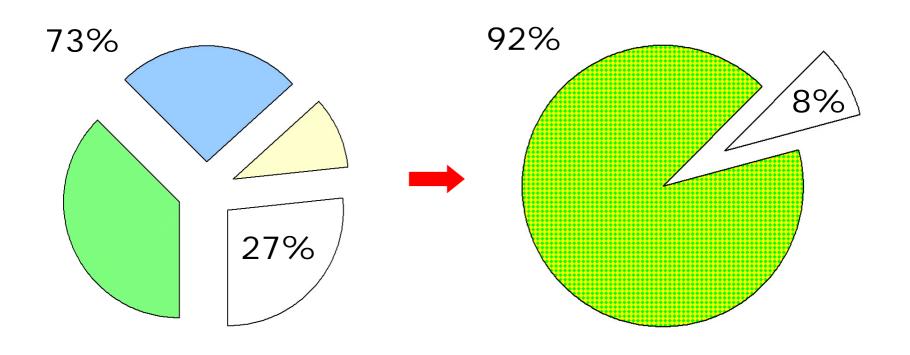


Example: agricultural soil science

Rank	Abbreviated Journal Title (linked to journal information)	Impact Factor	Sherpa
1	SOIL BIOL BIOCHEM	2.414	
2	EUR J SOIL SCI	2.356	
3	SOIL SCI SOC AM J	1.834	?
4	PEDOSPHERE	1.817	?
5	<u>GEODERMA</u>	1.773	
6	APPL SOIL ECOL	1.755	ti.
7	PLANT SOIL	1.703	
8	CLAY CLAY MINER	1.364	?
9	SOIL USE MANAGE	1.342	
10	<u>CATENA</u>	1.313	



Publisher and journal positions - summary



262 publishers

9861 journals







Acknowledgements

 We gratefully acknowledge funding from the European Community financial participation under the Sixth Framework Programme for Research, Technological Development and Demonstration Activities, for the Integrated Project QUALITYLOWINPUTFOOD,FP6-FOOD-CT-2003- 506358.

